SEC. 3. Contracts or agreements. All contracts or agreements made in violation of any of the provisions of the two preceding sections shall be void.

SEC. 4. Enforcement. It shall be the duty of the county attorneys, in their counties and the attorney general, to enforce the provisions of the preceding sections of this act by appropriate actions in courts of competent jurisdiction.

SEC. 5. Complaint—to whom made. If complaint shall be made to the secretary of state that any corporation authorized to do business in this state is guilty of unfair discrimination, within the terms of this act, it shall be the duty of the secretary of state to refer the matter to the attorney-general who may, if the facts justify it in his judgment, institute proceedings in the courts against such corporation.

Sec. 6. Revocation of permit. If any corporation, foreign or domestice authorized to do business in this state, is found guilty of unfair discrimination, within the terms of this act, it shall be the duty of the secretary of state to immediately revoke the permit of such corporation to do business in

this state.

SEC. 7. Corporation to be enjoined—when. If after revocation of its permit such corporation, or any other corporation not having a permit and found guilty of having violated any of the provisions of this act, shall continue or attempt to do business in this state, it shall be the duty of the attorney-general, by a proper suit in the name of the state of Iowa, to enjoin such corporation from transacting all business of every kind and character in said state of Iowa.

SEC. 8. Cumulative remedies. Nothing in this act shall be construed as repealing any other act, or part of act, but the remedies herein provided

shall be cumulative to all other remedies provided by law.

SEC. 9. In effect. This act, being deemed of immediate importance, shall take effect and be in force from and after the date of its publication in the Register and Leader and the Des Moines Daily Capital, newspapers published in the city of Des Moines, Iowa.

Approved April 30, A. D. 1906.

I hereby certify that the foregoing act was published in the Des Moines Daily Capital, May 4, 1906 and the Register and Leader, May 5, 1906.

W. B. MARTIN, Secretary of State.

## CHAPTER 170.

IN 32.3.3.1 OF REGISTERS CATILE BROUGHT INTO THE STATE FOR BRESDING OR DAIRY PURPOSES.

H. P. 412.

AN ACT to protect the public health and the health of domestic animals by providing for the inspection of registered cattle brought into the state for breeding or dairy purposes. [Additional to chapter eleven (11) of title twonty-four (XXIV) of the code, relating to offenses against public policy.]

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

SECTION 1. Certificate of inspection. That the importation of registered cattle or cattle eligible to registry for breeding and dairy purposes into this state is hereby prohibited, except when such cattle are accompanied with a certificate from an inspector whose competency and reliability are certified to by the authority charged with the control of domestic animals in the state from whence the cattle came, certifying that said cattle have been examined and subjected to the tuberculine test within sixty days next preceding the date of such importation, and are free from disease.

- SEC. 2. Detention and inspection—quarantine. In lieu of an inspection certificate as required in the preceding section, cattle may be detained at suitable stock yards or other inclosure within this state nearest to the state line, on the railroad or highway over which they were shipped, driven or hauled, and there examined at the expense of the owner, or may be shipped or driven to their destination under quarantine, there to remain in quarantine until properly examined at the expense of the owner, and released by the state veterinary surgeon. Such expense shall be a lien upon the cattle.
- SEC. 3. Penalty. Any person, firm, company, corporation or agent thereof, violating any of the provisions of this act, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be fined for each offense. not more than one hundred dollars, or be imprisoned in the county jail not more than thirty days, or both fine[d] and imprisoned, at the discretion of the court. Such person, firm, company, corporation or agent shall be liable for the full amount of damages that may result from the violation of this act. Action may be brought in any county in which said cattle are sold, offered for sale or delivered to a purchaser, or in which they may be detained in transit.

SEC. 4. Enforcement. It shall be the duty of the state veterinary

surgeon to enforce the provisions of this act.

SEC. 5. In effect. This act, being deemed of immediate importance, shall be in effect after its publication in the Register and Leader, and the Des Moines Daily Capital, newspapers published in Des Moines, Iowa. Approved April 9, A. D. 1906.

I hereby certify that the foregoing act was published in the Register and Leader and the Des Moines Daily Capital, April 14, 1906.

> W. B. MARTIN Secretary of State.

## CHAPTER 171.

## MANIPULATION OF BABCOCK TEST FOR DETERMINING QUALITY OF MILK OR ORBAM.

s. r. 168.

AN ACT prohibiting manipulation of the Babbook test or any other contrivance used for determining the quality of milk or cream and providing punishment therefor. [Additional to chapter thirteen (13) of title twenty-four (XXIV) relating to cheating by false pretenses, gross frauds and conspiracy. ]

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

- Section 1. Misreading or manipulation of milk or cream tests. It shall be unlawful for the owner, manager, agent or employe of a cheese factory, creamery or condensed milk factory to falsely manipulate or underread or over-read the Babcock test or any other contrivance used for determining the quality of milk or cream, or to make any false determination of the said Babcock test or otherwise.
- SEC. 2. Penalty. Whosoever shall violate any of the provisions of this act shall, upon conviction thereof, be fined not less than twenty-five dollars nor more than one hundred dollars.

Approved March 16, A. D. 1906